# PUTS "LID" ON

Colonel Lang Issues Orders for Revolutionizing Canteen-Believes Use of Liquor Destroys Purpose of Encampment.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Springfield, Hi., Aug. 8.—To a large entent the "lid" is on out at Camp Lincoln tals week. Colorel Edward J. Lang, commander of the Fourth Infantry, is the man behind the gun, and, while he is not making any display, he is going ahead taking steps to make his regiment the best in the State. His action relative to liquor at the camp is a part of this plan.

This is the first time that Colonel Lang has been post commander, having been elected to the position a few months ago, the is opposed to the abnormal use of beer at eamp, and at a school of instruction of officers he gave verbal orders that there must be a revolutionizing of the matter. It was not through any beisterousness or disorder of any kind that Colonel Lang took this step, for the hest of order has or disorder of any kind that Colonel Lang took this step, for the best of order has prevailed in his command. He wanted to abolish the idea seme of the men had that when they come to camp the big feature is to stack the mess tents with beer. In some cases, it is asserted, the twelve mess tents have been nothing less than twelve distinct saloens.

tents have been nothing less than twelve distinct saloens

Colonel Lang does not oppose a moderate use of beer when it is used in the right way, and he has not restricted beer from the camp altogether. He believes that an abnormal presence of beer at camp has a tendency to destroy discipline. Not only this, but Colonel Lang is strongly of the opinion that an abnormal use renders the man physically incompetent to withstand the strain of the drills which are necessary to make the camp successful as a school of instruction in military tactica.

Frank Roche, a private in Company K of Cairo, developed a case of typhoid fever to-day, and was removed to st. John's Hospital. There are one or two cases of illness at the resimental hospital, but otherwise the health of the command is good.

# FRUSTRATE PLOT

Syndicate, Backed by Ample Funds, Prevented From Supplying Arms and Ammunition to Wild Tribes of the Philippines.

Victoria, British Columbia, Aug &-News was received by the Kanagwa Maru from Hong-Kong of a sensational attempt to run guns and ammunition in quantities to run guns and ammunition in quantities to revolutionary bands in Samar, and other unsetfied districts of the Philippines. The syndicate was amply provided with funds. It intended to run the guns and ammunition to unfrequented parts of the Philippine coast, and turn the ammunition over to guerilla bands which continue to harass the Americans.

Ten thousand rifles and a million rounds of ammunition are known to have been purchased. Since the discovery of the scheme those projecting it have been in hiding.

## LAST TRIBAL ELECTION OF CHICKASAWS TO-DAY.

Conventions in Different Precinc Arouse Little Interest and Light Vote In Forcest.

ENDERLIC SPECIAL Arimore, I. T., Aug. 8.—The last tribal election of the Crickasaws will be held to-morrow. But little interest is taken by the Indians in this election, as only Representatives to the Chickasaw Legislature will

be elected.

Conventions are being held at the different voting places to-night in an effort to erouse the interest of the voters. It is the opinion of the prominent Chickasaws that the total vote polled in the four counties to morrow will not exceed 20.

The National party held a meeting at Cakland, the voting place of Pickens County, hast veck, and selected five candidates for election to the Legislature from this county. Several prominent Indians in this city, members of the Progressive party, went to Cakland to-night to confer with other members as to the advisability of putting out an opposition advisability of putting out an opposition ticket to-night.

## DANIEL LAMONT'S WILL FILED.

Leaves Estate Valued at \$3,000. 000 to Widow and Children. RUPURLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Aug. 8.—The will of the late Daniel S. Lamont, Secretary of War under President Cleveland's administration, was filed to-day in the Surrogate's office.

The estate is valued at \$1,00,000 in personal property and \$50,000 in real property. Practically the entire estate is left to the widow and children. The will was executed on June 15, 1904, and names as executed to June 15, 1904, and trustees shall letermine to sell any of the stock of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, or of the Great Northern Railway Company, which I may own at the time of my death, I direct that such stock shall be first offered to my friend, James J. Hill of St. Paul or if he be not living, to his sons, and if he or they desire to take such stock at the same price at which it can be sold to others, that it he seed to him or them."

## TEMPERENCE HOSTS GATHER Missouri to Be Well Represented

at Wilkesbarre. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

The convention will open to-morrow pontifical high mass at St. Mary's hurch. Bishop Cavenin of Pittsburg will

officiate.

President Receivelt will be here on Thursday to address the delegates and miners. The city is in holiday attire to receive the delegates and the President. Among those prominent in the temperance movement who are registered at Hotel Sterling are: Mrs. Lenara M. Lake, St. Louis, vice president of the ladies' organization. Misa Katherine Kelly of Kansas City, Mr. and Mrs. William O'Brien of St. Louis and Father Coffey of St. Louis.

## SHAW WILL NOT RETIRE NOW.

Secretary of Treasury to Wait Till Congress Meets. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Oyster Bay. I. I. August 8.—It to declared on the authority of the President himself that there was no talk of Sec-retary Shaw retiring during the Secre-tary's visit yesterday. It is an open secre-that Mr. Shaw will resign in February. In any event he will not surrender his office, before the regular researcher. In any event he will no session of Con-office before the regular session of Con-gress, as it would put too great a burden

COVEMENTS OF OCEAN VESSELS. New York Aug. 8 - Arrived Kalser Wilhelm Underland from Antwerp: Nordam from II. Taderland from Antwerp: Noordam from Bustierdam.

Aucktund, New Zealand, Aug. 8.—Arrived presecunds: Steamer Sterra. San Francisco via 
Honoidu, for Sydney, New South Wales.

Antwerp, Aug. 4.55 p. m.—Arrived: Steamer 
Zealand. New York for Dover.

Harnelles, Aug. 6.—Arrived: Steamer Gormania. New Tork for Naples.

Havre, Aug. 1.—Arrived: Steamer Leutsians.

New York via Bordeaux.

Breinen, Aug. 6. II. a. m.—Arrived: Steamer 
Kronprins Wilhelm, New York via Portsmooth 
and Cherbourg.

Liverpool, Aug. 8.—Arrived: Steamer Kenning
Liverpool, Aug. 8.—Arrived: Steamer Kenning
Liverpool, Aug. 8.—Arrived: Steamer Kenningd Cherbourg (recepted Aug. 8 - Arrived: Steamer Kenning-o, Montreal and Quebec. Figures, Aug. 2 - Salled; Sinventa, New York Falermo.
or Tork, Aug. 8.—Arrived: Steamers Kalesr-helm II. Bremen, Southampton and Cher-ry Georgic, Liverpool. Salled: Steamers only. Queenstorm and Liverpool. Kaiser helm der Grosse. Bremen via Portsmouth Louise, Any 6 - Arrived: Steamer Membe.

## NEW ORLEANS CISTERNS WHERE MOSQUITOES BREED RAPIDLY



anison, New Orleans A typical view of New Orleans cisterns, the breeding holes of the stegomyla fascista, the yellow fever mosquito. Sixteen cisterns are expose In this picture, taken on Carondelet street in the Garden district. Some have been screened and some have not. After oiling with kerosene, the chees cloth screens are placed over the tops to prevent more mosquitoes from getting in.

## MANY DIFFICULTIES BEFORE PEACE CONFERENCE THAT **BEGINS SESSION TO-DAY**

Continued From Page One.

must cause delay. Martens, who sits at the table as counselor, is an acco plished linguist and speaks fluent English and French.

"It is suggested that the democratic rule may apply and the language which the greatest number speak, which is English, may be used. But if English is adopted for oral discussion, there is again a difficulty in drawing up protocols in English, for the Russian Foreign Office has been trained in French.

### OTHER DIFFICULTIES THAT MAY ARISE TO RETARD THE WORK OF THE CONFERENCE.

"Then how is the conference to open, who is to settle the course of the discussion, who determine the order of business? Neither can yield in authority to the other, yet they must agree. As there is no authority to whom credentials can be referred, Russians and Japanese must each decide the validity of the others' power.

"At the outset, this question may arise, if Russia shall be found to have limited her envoys' powers, as she limited her acceptance of the President's invitation to the conference or as the Russian Foreign Office said she did. Though the Japanese note of acceptance is in print, the Russian note never has been published

"Japan does not intend to enter pour parlers with envoys whose powers are not, in the true diplomatic sense, of full power.

"Suppose the credentials are reciprocally accepted, who is to open the proceedings? It may, I think, be assumed that the Russians and Japanese have not yet met tegether to consider the preliminaries. Once assembled about the council board, who is to begin? Witte, I think, has a speech ready and it will be a most interesting speech if delivered, for he proposes to revert to the origin of the war. But, if the Russians and Japanese are to debate the circumstances which brought on the war till they are agreed, we shall be here till next year.

### WITTE MAY DEMAND THAT JAPAN'S TERMS BE LAID ON COUNCIL TABLE AT ONCE.

"The Japanese not unlikely take the view that they are here not to pursue historical inquiries but to see whether the war can be ended. They may, therefore, politely object to a debate which would be endless and to which Witte, who, if no diplomatist, is a tactician, may reply: 'Pray lay your terms on the table at once."

"This the Japanese are understood to be ready to do, but in their own way They may state them in the first instance as matters of principle; in other words, before specifying the amount of indemnity they may desire to know whether Russia is prepared to pay any indemnity. Before stating Japan's views concerning Sakhalin and Vladivostok they may ask some assurance that a demand for the cossion of Russian territory or the commercialization of a fortified port will not be regarded as ending the negotiations.

"I do not think that any published statement on either of these points was authorized or authentic, and I do not care to add one more guess to the many already in print. My belief is that the Japanese have reflected upon these first Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug 8.—Missourt will be well represented at the National Catholic Temperance Convention, which meets in this city to-morrow and Thursday.

The convention will be well represented at the National Catholic Temperance Convention, which meets in this city to-morrow and Thursday.

Cannot enforce code rules, but they can and, I think, have weighed several cannot enforce code rules, but they can and, I think, have weighed several contingent or alternative courses. Their diplomacy is as flexible as their military tactics. It will be found on each point as it arises they have a well-considered opinion. Whether the Russians will acquiesce is another matter.

## JAPANESE AND RUSSIANS ALIKE RESOLVED. THAT TECHNICALITIES SHALL N OT BREAK CONFERENCE.

"On one thing the Russians and Japanese seem of one mind: The conference is not to dissolve on technicalities. Always assuming that the Russians have powers which the Japanese will regard as a promise of real negotiations, the conference will enter upon the work on both sides with a desire to find a peaceful solution.

"Neither regards peace as necessary, but both regard it as desirable. Both think they owe something to President Roosevelt, and if for no other reason than as a recognition of his efforts and his unbounded good will to both Powers and his position as an agent of civilization, they will shrink from an abrupt conclusion.

"'We shall not,' said one most eminent Russian, Brusauer les Chases 'even if we become early convinced that peace is beyond our grasp, that the demands made upon us are impossible, that our enemies desire peace only on terms of humiliation, we shall not become impatient, and the conference will not end petulantly nor in a moment."

"On which I understand the Japanese reply to be clear: This is a conference of business; nothing will be done to humiliate Russia and nothing left undone to secure Japan against future aggression. "

## CHINA'S DEMAND FOR REPRESENTATION IN PEACE CONFERENCE ANNOYS JAPAN.

Pekin. Aug. 8.—The Associated Press correspondent is informed that the note addressed by the Chinese Government to the Japanese, Russian, French and Amer-ican Governments, seeking representation the Japanese, it is a seeking representation ican Governments, seeking representation in the peace conference, caused considerable annoyance to the Japanese, and that the Chinese Government subsequently conveyed its regrets unofficially, expressing the hope that Japan would not misconstructive its attitude, which, it was explained, was perfectly friendly.

## **ENVOY POKOTILOFF ARRIVES** AT BOSTON ON HIS WAY TO PORTSMOUTH CONFERENCE.

Boston Aug 8-Mr Pokotiloff, the Russian Minister to China, accompanied by his secretary. Ivan Rojestvensky, and a Chinese servant, arrived in this city this afternoon, bound for Portsmouth to afternoon, bound for Portsmouth to attend the peace conference. He said he was constantly streek with the wonderful tend the peace conference. He said he was constantly struck with the wonderfu growth of this country since his last visit

# AT PORTSMOUTH MARKED BY POPULAR ENTHUSIASM

### FIVE WEEKS AT LEAST SEFDED FOR SEGOTIATIONS.

The second day's session, to take place Thursday or Friday, it is expected, will be devoted either to a consideration of the Japanese peace terms or to a proposition for an armistice by the Russian plenipotentiaries. It has been estimated that, it a basis of negotiation for peace is found, the actual negotiations will consume something like five weeks' time before a treaty can be perfected and signed.

The landing and reception of the envoys to-day was a function replete with ceremony. The dignity of the nation's salutes was contrasted with the hearty exclamations of good will on the part of thousands of persons who thronged the streets of Fortsmouth and surrounded the Courthouse, where Governor McLane pro-

EXVOYS MUCH AFFECTED

## BY POPULAR DEMOSSTRATION.

The envoys of both Japan and Russia were much affected by the demonstration of the American public. Mr. Witte rode through the business section of the town with his tall silk haf raised above his head in constant acknowledgement of salutes. Ambassador Rosen, in the same carriage, was also utcovered in honor of the cheering crowds.

In the carriage following were the two Japanese envoys, and they, too, were not remiss in responding to the hurrahs of the crowds. Three carriages were occupled by each mission, and in the procession through the streets of Portsmouth, the Russians and Japanese were given alternate positions, the first, third and fifth carriages were Russian and the second, fourth and six'h Japanese.

The public was rigorously excluded from the navy vard, where the envoys came ashore. The landing was effected most expeditiously, and everything moved without the slightest interruption. The Russian suite was proceeding from the breakfast room to the landing when the salute from the battery announced the landing of the Japanese.

## PERMAL WELCOMING SPE

PLEMAL WELCOMING PERCH.

The envoys were met at the Courthouse by Third Assistant Secretary of State Peirce, who first presented ir. Witte to Governor McLane and then Baron Komura. The senior Russing Cammissioner presented his suite to the Capt cascultve of New Hampshire, and the Spaness plenipotentiary did likewise. Governor McLane's formal speech of welcome was responded to by a profound bow of both partie. He sold:

"In behalf of the Government and the people of New Hampshire. I have the pleasure and honor of extending to your Excellencies the hospitality of our State. We realize that you have come upon a momentous errand—and I am sure that I voice the sentiments of all the world in expressing the hope that here, in this ancient community, where cluster many of the finest traditions of American history, you may be able so to proceed with your historic negotiations that they may be crowned by a treaty of Portsmouth, with enduring terms, which will reflect credit on yourselves, will meet the approval of the illustrious sovereigns whom you represent, and will prove a blessing to your peoples and a benefaction to all mankind."

## ENTIRE PARTY GROUPED THEMSELVES FOR PHOTOGRAPH.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the Russians were arranged on the right of the Governor, the Japanese on the left, with Mr. Peirce on the immediate right. The group was then surrounded by the Governor's staff and Council, and the entire party was photographed.

No one except the Governor's staff and Council, United States Senators Euroham and Gallinger, Representatives Sulloway and Currier and Assistant Secretary Peirce were present at the Courthouse function, although the crowds surrounded the building.

Peirce were present at the function, although the crowds surrounded the building.

When the Hotel Wentworth was reached shortly after I o'clock, there was an outburst of applause carried on in good-natured rivalry. The Russian suite ignored the elevator and climbed the stairs to the second floor. The Japanese, who arrived a moment later, were lifted to their floor. Although private dining-rooms had been provided for the plenipotentiaries, both suites took dinner at the same time in the main dining-room of the hotel.

BOSES OF RECOGNITION.

The Japanese were early to dinner, and the

The Japanese were early to dinner, and were assigned a table in the center of the long room. They had only half concluded their dinner when the Russian envoys entered and were escorted to the extreme

# ARRIVAL OF THE ENVOYS

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 8.—The Russian and Japanese peace missions have submitted themselves to introduction, and likewise to all of the ceremonies of well-come and reception on the part of the United States Government and the State of New Hampshire, and are to-night on the eve of facing each other for the purpose of ending the war in the far East, and, if possible, consummating a permanent peace between the two great nations.

To-morrow they will meet in the Naval Stores building of the Portsmouth Navy Yard. The Russian plenipotentiaries will examine the credentials and powers which the Emperor of Japan delegated to laron komura and Minister Takahira, and in term the Japanese plenipotentiaries will scruitfulze the powers which the Russian Emperor has conferred upon Mr. Witte and Baron Rosen.

Fig. 2. Weep Mrs. A. E. Paras.

LANGUAGE TO BE USEB.

One of the interesting preliminary questions to be settled by the conference is the language in which the negotiations shall be conducted. Mr. Witte speaks only French and Russian, while Beron Rosen has also a command of English. Both of the Japanese are proficient in the Eaglish tongue, but Baron Komura speaks very little French. It is realized that if English shall be chosen as the medium of communication translations must be made for Mr. Witte. Should French be the language decided upon, translations will have to be made, preferably into English, for the Japanese.

While there are no official statements or predictions regarding the outcome of the forthcoming negotiations to-night the prevalence of a general good feeling is noticeable throughout the environs of the peace missions.

### PLENIPOTENTIARIES GUESTS OF REAR ADMIRAL MEADS.

As the guests of Rear Admiral Meade, the plenipotentiaries and their suites were introduced this evening to about sixty invited guests, who included prominent members of Portsmouth society. Informality again characterized the whole affair. The Russian mission entered the Navy General Store about five minutes before the Japanese. The Russians turned to the right of the hall, after paying their respects to the Commandant and Mrs. Meade, and the Japanese to the left. It was not long before the members of the two missions were thrown together and they showed no hesitation in joining in the general conversation with the

in the general conversation with the guests.

Baron Komura and Baron Rosen were especially cordial in their greetings, and were soon engaged in a long conversation, retiring to one side of the hall.

Mr. Witte refused to permit his luncheon to be served until he had assisted in serving all of the ladies in the group about him. The democratic sight of the ranking Russian pluipotentiary handing refreshments to the guests was one of the interesting incidents of the luncheon. Before leaving the Russian and Japanese again greeted each other cordially.

Prescribed honors were rendered the two missions as they left the Navy General Store by a marine guard.

## FINAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR FIRST MEETING TO-DAY.

Arrangements have been completed for the initial meeting of the conference in the Navai General Store at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The present programme is that there shall be present only the four plenipotentiaries and possibly a Russian and Japanese secretary. The others of the missions will remain at the Wentworth.

The initial formality will be the expense. sions will remain at the Wentworth.

The Initial formality will be the exchange of credentials. It is fully expected that these will be found mutually satisfactory and that the envoys will then common nee their work. After deciding the language to be used, the envoys will make arrangements for the time of meeting each day and for the number of meetings the held.

Luncheon will probably be served in the Navy General Store, and it may be late in the afternoon before the plenipotentiaries leave the yards. Admittance to the yard will be absolutely refused to all persons not officially attached to the two missions. in the afternoon before the pienipoten-tiaries leave the yards. Admittance to the yard will be absolutely refused to all per-sons not officially attached to the two mis-sions.

The negotiations for the first meeting

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Portsmouth, N. H., Aug. 8.—On the eve of the peace conference the representatives of the Car and Mikado are preparing for the first test of diplomatic skill, and it will come very seon after the plenipotentiaries meet to-morrow forenoon at the navy yard.

It is just possible that the negotiations may go to smash within forty-eight hours. This test will be over the question as to whether the first meeting is to be devoted to an examination of credentials and nothing else, or whether the envoys shall lay before the conference the terms of Japan and the maximum that Russia will grant. The Japanese commissioners are understood to be very much opposed to doing anything to-morrow except present and examine credentials. The Russians desire that, immediately after their credentials are presented, the terms of Japan shall be stated and that the whole subject shall be opened up.

## AS TO WITTE'S POWERS.

AS TO WITTE'S POWERS.

The Japanese profess to be doubtful of the power with which Mr. Witte is understood to be ciothed. It has been stated that Mr. Witte has full and plenary powers to conclude a treaty of peace. On the other hand, the Japanese are distrustful. They recall what happened during the peace negotiations with China. The Chinese sent a mission to treat. The Japanese disclosed their terms and then it was discovered that the Chinese envoys did not have power to conclude a treaty. So the commissioners were sent home, and later Li Hung Chang came, clothed with full power. But the harm had been done. Japan disclosed her claims prematurely, and the terms were communicated to the European Powers, and these powers at once laid plans for depriving the Japanese of the fruits of their victory.

### RUSSIANS DISTRUSTFUL OF JAPAN'S TERMS.

OF JAPAN'S TERMS.

On the other hand, the Russians, ever distrustful of the Japanese, are becoming thoroughly convinced that Japan has formulated terms of the harshest character, which Russia cannot accept and still maintain her dignity. The feeling in this country and throughout Europe is that Japan will render the attempt at peace abortive by the magnitude of this demand. This feeling exists in an extreme degree here to-night, The Russians fully expect the conference to fail this week unless the Japanese are induced at the last minute to modify the demands they want put in the treaty. If peace is to fail, the Russians desire to know it at once.

What is the use, they argue, of sitting around here two or three weeks considering terms that cannot be accepted and will not be altered? For this reason, the distinguished Russian statesman who represents the Czur wants to know just what Japan is disposed to exact before the end of the first day's session. If the conference fails, it will be wrecked on the rock of a large indemnity and cession of Russian territory.

EACH MESSION RECEIVES

## ITS FINAL INSTRUCTIONS.

The capies to St. Petersburg and Tokio have been burdened with official messages all the afternoon, and to-night the final instructions have been sent and received. The two Governments have said the last word, the one as to the minimum that Japan is to demand and the other as to the maximum that will be entertained:

Fearing a breakdown of the peace negotiations, it is understood that other Governments are taking a hand and using their influence with Tokio and St. Petersburg.

their influence with Tokio and St. Petersburg.

International interest in the outcome of the peace negotiations has been greatly quickened by a rapid disclosure of an apparent unity of action between Japan and China, which seems to presage a combination against Europe and America.

There has been a multiplicity of signs indicating this, among them being the proposed sale of the Hankow Railroad, which President Roosevelt is seeking to half, the rapid opening up of Manchuria commercially by the Japanese, and the Chinese boycott of American goods in China and Japan, which is now known to have been directly ordered by the Chinese Government.

DEFLOMATS CONVENCED

OF JAPAN'S GREAT AMERICA.

Diplomats are becoming soundly con-

Diplomats are becoming soundly convinced that it is the purpose of Japan to become the commercia, as well as the military master of China.

The first session of the conference will begin to-morrow at 16 o'clock. It is probable that English and French will be used, as Baron Komura speaks English, but no French, and M. Witte speaks French, but no English.

The quickest possible way to rent your room is through an Ad. in The Republic's "Rooms for Rent" columns. Ask any druggist.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

## Picture Department—

APPEAR PAR PART

ON EVE OF CONFERENCE.

ON EVE OF CONFERENCE.

In official circles here the bellef is that although to-night, on the verge of the first needing, the two missions appear very far rom agreement, once the plenipotentiaries are in the conference-room the position of each will be greatly modified, and that they will make an earnest effort to come to terms. Already, on the eve of the meeting, there is evidence that the apparent addifference to the outcome which has been wideneed in the last week by members of both missions is passing away.

Although she has prepared an irreducible minimum, Japan will not present this in such a form. There will be demands in the Japanese programme which her plenipotentiaries are empowered to modify. In short, Saler Komura and Mr. Takanira will present Japan's pregramme in as diplomatic a form as possible. The terms will be called basis for necotiations rather than demands, and while it has been made plain aiready that Japan will not play diplomacy at the conference, her plenipotentiaries, it is pointed out, propose to conduct the negotiations as diplomatically as possible.

WITTE MAY INSIST THAT

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

KOMURA SUBMIT JAPAN'S TERMS THE FIRST THING.



Officials of Agriculture Department Believe Former Statistics Bureau Chief Will Stay in Eng-Divisions.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Officials of the Department of Agriculture exhibit asriculd doubt as to the promised return of John Hyde, who resigned, under fire, as Chief of the Bureau of Statistics and situation of the Bureau of Statistics and situation of the Bureau of Statistics and situation away to Europe just when he was wasted to aid in the judicial investigation of the cotton reports leak scandal.

Secretary Wilson cabled Mr. Hyde, at Liverpool that he was wanted and shealed return. Mr. Hyde answered by cablet:

"Will return as soon as possible. Liver."

Secretary Wilson has as yet received no letter from Mr. Hyde, although there has been time for one to reach here. Through a source not disclosed, officials of the department have gained the impression that Mr. Hyde inasts that he is so ill that it is impossible for him to return to the United States at this time.

There are also indications that when he went to England last May his physical condition, although not entirely satisfactory, was far from being as serious as then reported.

Mr. Hyde is supposed to be at Seatherport, England, and the Department of Justice is constantly advised as to his movements, When he arrived in Liverpool Mir. Hyde cabled his wife that fact, and also that he had another carbuncle on his neck.

That he informed her of this was

his neck.

That he informed her of this was thought by some persons to indicate his deater to prepare the authorities at Washington for a statement, to be later made that he had become too ill to return. WILSON TALKS OF OTHERS.

WILSON TALKS OF OTHERS.

Becretary Wilson has sent a letter to Mr. Winans, the editor of "Successful Farming," in which he says:

"You have not only sent me a note of sympathy, but you have spoken eloquently, feelingly end grandly, and I thank you very cordially. In a period of eight years and five months, while I have been endeavoring to build up a department of sgriculture that would benefit the men who work in the field with their coats off, I have been vigilant, and turned out nearly 200 people who were missing or were leaning in the wrong direction or were incompetent.

The other departments have their rescale in considerable numbers, but don't make half the noise. I suppose they take it for granted that the Department of Agriculture should be perfect.

"Possibly, if I had the selection of everybody here. I might escape some swill while I might rush into others. But I don't select the people; they come from the Civil-Service Commission.

"Yet I am proud to say that all the glare of the limelight has been able to show only one wicked man in 6.00, and that makes me very proud of my people here. They are a grand lot of men, and the finest aggregation of scientists ever brought together to do work for the common people.

## INTERURBAN INCORPORATED.

Line to Run From Johnson City to Marion, Ill. REPUBLIC SPECIAL

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. S.—Articles of Scorporation were filed to-day with flame-tary of State Rose by the Marion and Johnson City Railway Company, with the principal office located at East St. Louis.

The capital stock is 30,000, and the cheet is to construct a line from a peaks at or near Marion. Williamson County, in a northerly direction, to a point at or near Johnson City, in Williamson County.

The incorporators and first Board of Directors are: W. S. Forman, H. K. Browning, Fred Pausch, C. M. Forman and J. B. Walker, all of East St. Louis.

## TO LIQUOR DEALERS—Call and one us. 1124-1128 Locust et. Hours from 7.00

a. m. to 6:00 p. m. WM. H. LEE & CO. CAPITAL TO COST \$880,000

## New York Firm Gets Contract for Frankfort Edifice.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 2.—The General Supply and Construction Company of New York gets the contract for the exection of the new Capitol building an competitive bid, at \$80,600 the work to be completed within two years.

Read Republic Want Ads every top. Graves Goes to Coll

REPUBLIC EPINTAL Nashville, Ill., Aug. 2.—Protesser C. Cooper Groves, former assistant principal of the Nashville High School, has been appointed science instructor in the California High School.

REPUBLIC SPINTAL Springfield, Ill., Aug. 2.—Seate Superhitendent of Insurance Vredenburgh to-da Reensed the National Life Association of Des Moties, In., to do an assessment iff insurance business in Illinois.

OR SALE AUGUST 9 TO 14 IRCLUSIVE.

TICKET OFFICES: ROBBINAY AND OLIVE OR I